4164-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. FDA-2022-N-0117]

Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposed Collection; Comment Request;

Authorization for Medical Products for Use in Emergencies

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA, Agency, or we) is announcing an opportunity for public comment on the proposed collection of certain information by the Agency. Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA), Federal Agencies are required to publish notice in the *Federal Register* concerning each proposed collection of information, including each proposed extension of an existing collection of information, and to allow 60 days for public comment in response to the notice. This notice solicits comments on information collection associated with FDA Authorization for Medical Products for Use in Emergencies.

DATES: Submit either electronic or written comments on the collection of information by [INSERT DATE 60 DAYS AFTER DATE OF PUBLICATION IN THE *FEDERAL REGISTER*].

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments as follows. Please note that late, untimely filed comments will not be considered. Electronic comments must be submitted on or before [INSERT DATE 60 DAYS AFTER DATE OF PUBLICATION IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER]. The https://www.regulations.gov electronic filing system will accept comments until 11:59 p.m. Eastern Time at the end of [INSERT DATE 60 DAYS AFTER DATE OF PUBLICATION IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER]. Comments received by mail/hand delivery/courier (for written/paper submissions) will be considered timely if they are postmarked or the delivery service acceptance receipt is on or before that date.

Submit electronic comments in the following way:

- Federal eRulemaking Portal: https://www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments. Comments submitted electronically, including attachments, to https://www.regulations.gov will be posted to the docket unchanged. Because your comment will be made public, you are solely responsible for ensuring that your comment does not include any confidential information that you or a third party may not wish to be posted, such as medical information, your or anyone else's Social Security number, or confidential business information, such as a manufacturing process. Please note that if you include your name, contact information, or other information that identifies you in the body of your comments, that information will be posted on https://www.regulations.gov.
- If you want to submit a comment with confidential information that you do not wish to be made available to the public, submit the comment as a written/paper submission and in the manner detailed (see "Written/Paper Submissions" and "Instructions").

Written/Paper Submissions

Submit written/paper submissions as follows:

- Mail/Hand delivery/Courier (for written/paper submissions): Dockets Management Staff (HFA-305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, Rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852.
- For written/paper comments submitted to the Dockets Management Staff, FDA will post
 your comment, as well as any attachments, except for information submitted, marked and
 identified, as confidential, if submitted as detailed in "Instructions."

Instructions: All submissions received must include the Docket No. FDA-2022-N-0117 for "Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposed Collection; Comment Request; Authorization for Medical Products for Use in Emergencies." Received comments, those filed in

a timely manner (see ADDRESSES), will be placed in the docket and, except for those submitted as "Confidential Submissions," publicly viewable at https://www.regulations.gov or at the Dockets Management Staff between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, 240-402-7500.

• Confidential Submissions--To submit a comment with confidential information that you do not wish to be made publicly available, submit your comments only as a written/paper submission. You should submit two copies total. One copy will include the information you claim to be confidential with a heading or cover note that states "THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION." The Agency will review this copy, including the claimed confidential information, in its consideration of comments. The second copy, which will have the claimed confidential information redacted/blacked out, will be available for public viewing and posted on https://www.regulations.gov. Submit both copies to the Dockets Management Staff. If you do not wish your name and contact information to be made publicly available, you can provide this information on the cover sheet and not in the body of your comments and you must identify this information as "confidential." Any information marked as "confidential" will not be disclosed except in accordance with 21 CFR 10.20 and other applicable disclosure law. For more information about FDA's posting of comments to public dockets, see 80 FR 56469, September 18, 2015, or access the information at:

https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2015-09-18/pdf/2015-23389.pdf.

Docket: For access to the docket to read background documents or the electronic and written/paper comments received, go to https://www.regulations.gov and insert the docket number, found in brackets in the heading of this document, into the "Search" box and follow the prompts and/or go to the Dockets Management Staff, 5630 Fishers Lane, Rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852, 240-402-7500.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Domini Bean, Office of Operations, Food and Drug Administration, Three White Flint North, 10A-12M, 11601 Landsdown St., North Bethesda, MD 20852, 301-796-5733, PRAStaff@fda.hhs.gov.

Agencies must obtain approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for each collection of information they conduct or sponsor. "Collection of information" is defined in 44 U.S.C. 3502(3) and 5 CFR 1320.3(c) and includes Agency requests or requirements that members of the public submit reports, keep records, or provide information to a third party. Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the PRA (44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)) requires Federal Agencies to provide a 60-day notice in the *Federal Register* concerning each proposed collection of information, including each proposed extension of an existing collection of information, before submitting the collection to OMB for approval. To comply with this requirement, FDA is publishing notice of the proposed collection of information set forth in this document.

With respect to the following collection of information, FDA invites comments on these topics: (1) whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of FDA's functions, including whether the information will have practical utility; (2) the accuracy of FDA's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques, when appropriate, and other forms of information technology.

Emergency Use Authorization of Medical Products

OMB Control Number 0910-0595--Extension

This information collection helps support implementation of Agency policies applicable to the authorization for medical products for use in emergencies under sections 564, 564A, and 564B of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FD&C Act) (21 U.S.C. 360bbb-3, 360bbb-

3a, and 360bbb-3b). For more information regarding emergency use authorization (EUA), visit our website at https://www.fda.gov/emergency-preparedness-and-response/mcm-legal-regulatory-and-policy-framework/emergency-use-authorization. The FD&C Act permits the Commissioner of Food and Drugs (the Commissioner) to authorize the use of unapproved medical products, or unapproved uses of approved medical products, during an emergency declared under section 564 of the FD&C Act. The data to support issuance of an EUA must demonstrate that, based on the totality of the scientific evidence available to the Commissioner, including data from adequate and well-controlled clinical trials (if available), it is reasonable to believe that the product may be effective in diagnosing, treating, or preventing a serious or life-threatening disease or condition (21 U.S.C. 360bbb-3(c)).

Also under section 564 of the FD&C Act, the Commissioner may establish conditions on issuing an authorization that may be necessary or appropriate to protect the public health. These conditions can include requirements to disseminate or disclose information to healthcare providers or authorized dispensers and product recipients; adverse event monitoring and reporting; data collection and analysis; specific recordkeeping and records access; restrictions on product advertising, distribution, and administration; and limitations on good manufacturing practice requirements. As governed by statute, some conditions are mandatory to the extent practicable for authorizations of unapproved products, and discretionary for authorizations of unapproved uses of approved products. Some conditions may apply to manufacturers of an EUA product, while other conditions may apply to any person who carries out an activity for which the authorization is issued. Sections 564A and 564B of the FD&C Act establish streamlined mechanisms intended to facilitate preparedness and response activities involving certain FDA approved products without requiring FDA to issue an EUA, and set forth emergency dispensing order and expiration date extension authority.

The guidance document entitled, "Emergency Use Authorization of Medical Products and Related Authorities" (January 2017), available for download from our website at

https://www.fda.gov/regulatory-information/search-fda-guidance-documents/emergency-use-authorization-medical-products-and-related-authorities, discusses FDA issuance of Emergency Use Authorizations (EUAs) under section 564 of the FD&C Act; implementation of the emergency use authorities set forth in section 564A of the FD&C Act; reliance on the governmental pre-positioning authority set forth in section 564B of the FD&C Act; and related FDA regulations. As discussed in the guidance document, the specific type and amount of data needed to support an EUA will vary depending on the nature of the declared emergency and the nature of the candidate product. The guidance document encourages early engagement with FDA, explains mechanisms for communication, and makes content and format recommendations on submitting information to the Agency. The guidance document also recommends that a request for consideration for an EUA include scientific evidence evaluating the product's safety and effectiveness, including the adverse event profile for diagnosis, treatment, or prevention of the serious or life-threatening disease or condition, as well as data and other information on safety, effectiveness, risks and benefits, and (to the extent available) alternatives.

We estimate the burden of this collection of information as follows:

Table 1.--Estimated Annual Reporting Burden¹

Information Collection Activity	No. of	No. of	Total	Average	Total
	Respondents	Responses	Annual	Burden per	Hours
		per	Responses	Response	
		Respondent			
Requests for a substantive amendment to an existing EUA	2724	2	5448	45	245,160
Pre-EUA submissions or amendments	2001	1	2001	34	68,034
Submitting information required under	36	3	108	8	864
conditions of authorization					
State and local public health authority	1	1	1	2	2
submissions required under conditions of					
authorization for unapproved EUA product					
State and local public health authority	1	1	1	2	2
requests for Emergency Dispensing Order					
State and local public health authority	1	1	1	20	20
requests for expiration date extension					
Total			7560		314,082

There are no capital costs or operating and maintenance costs associated with this collection of information.

Although we have averaged burden across all respondents, we categorize reporting activity by the type of EUA-related submission: (1) those who file a request for FDA to issue an

EUA and/or a substantive amendment to an EUA that has previously been issued; (2) those who submit a request for FDA to review information/data (i.e., a pre-EUA package) for a candidate EUA product or a substantive amendment to an existing pre-EUA package for preparedness purposes; (3) those who must report on activities related to an unapproved EUA product (e.g., administering product, disseminating information) who must report to FDA regarding such activity; (4) public health authorities (e.g., State, local) who must report on certain activities (e.g., administering product, disseminating information) related to an unapproved EUA, and public health authorities who submit an expiration date extension request for an approved product; (5) those who request an emergency dispensing order under section 564A; and (6) those who request expiry dating extensions under section 564A. We attribute greater burden to those requests for FDA to review pre-EUA packages submitted by product sponsors than burden we attribute to those submitted by Federal agencies (e.g., Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the Department of Defense), and have considered other factors that contribute to variability in burden for reporting, including the type of product and whether there is a previously reviewed pre-EUA package or investigational application.

Table 2--Estimated Annual Recordkeeping Burden¹

Records Associated with	No. of	No. of	Total	Average	Total				
Conditions of Authorization	Recordkeepers	Records per	Annual	Burden per	Hours				
		Recordkeeper	Records	Recordkeeping					
EUA Holders	648	2	1,296	25	32,400				
State and local Public	1	1	1	3	3				
Health Authorities									
Total			1,297		32,403				

¹ There are no capital costs or operating and maintenance costs associated with this collection of information.

We provide a conservative estimate for respondent recordkeeping, recognizing that the Federal Government performs much of this activity in conjunction with submissions. We do not include burden for public health authorities who may need to submit emergency dispensing orders or expiration date extension requests, assuming covered entities already maintain these records for the products they stockpile.

Table 3.--Estimated Annual Third-Party Disclosure Burden¹

Table 5Estimated Affiliar Tiffu-1 arty Disclosure Burden							
Information Collection Activity	No. of	No. of	Total	Average	Total Hours		
	Respondents	Disclosures	Annual	Burden per			
		per	Disclosures	Disclosure			
		Respondent					
Dissemination of required	635	2	1270	5	6350		
information by EUA Holder or							
Authorized Stakeholder							

¹ There are no capital costs or operating and maintenance costs associated with this collection of information.

Our third-party disclosure estimate is based on the number of EUA holders and authorized stakeholders disseminating information, including fact sheets, advertising, and promotional materials.

We have increased our burden estimate for the information collection to reflect the increase in submissions we have received over the last 3 years.

Dated: February 28, 2022.

Lauren K. Roth,

Associate Commissioner for Policy.

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